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ORIGINAL RESEARCH

Identification of highly conserved regions in L-segment of Crimean–Congo hemorrhagic fever virus and immunoinformatic prediction about potential novel vaccine

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¹Department of Biotechnology and Genetic Engineering, Faculty of Life Science, Mawlana Bhashani Science and Technology University, Santosh, Tangail, Bangladesh; ²Biotechnology and Genetic Engineering Discipline, Life Science School, Khulna University, Khulna, Bangladesh **Abstract:** Crimean–Congo hemorrhagic fever (CCHF) is a tick-borne zoonotic viral disease with a disease fatality rate between 15% and 70%. Despite the wide range of distribution, the virus (CCHFV) is basically endemic in Africa, Asia, eastern Europe, and the Middle East. Acute febrile illness associated with petechiae, disseminated intravascular coagulation, and multiple-organ failure are the main symptoms of the disease. With all these fatal effects, CCHFV is considered a huge threat as no successful therapeutic approach is currently available for the treatment of this disease. In the present study, we have used the immunoinformatics approach to design a potential epitope-based vaccine against the RNA-dependent RNA polymerase-L of CCHFV. Both the T-cell and B-cell epitopes were assessed, and the epitope "DCSSTPPDR" was found to be the most potential one, with 100% conservancy among all the strains of CCHFV. The epitope was also found to interact with both type I and II major histocompatibility complex molecules and is considered nonallergenic as well. In vivo study of our proposed peptide is advised for novel universal vaccine production, which might be an effective path to prevent CCHF disease.

Keywords: single-stranded RNA, immunoinformatics, RNA-dependent RNA polymerase, epitope

Introduction

Crimean-Congo hemorrhagic fever virus (CCHFV) is the causative agent of the hemorrhagic fever, which was first described in Cremia in 1945.1 The virus consists of a negative-sense single-stranded RNA, and its tripartite genome comprises the small (S), medium (M), and large (L) segments, which encode the viral nucleocapsid (N), glycoprotein precursor, and polymerase-L proteins, respectively.² Africa, Asia, eastern Europe, and the Middle East are the hotspots of this viral infection, with a high fatality rate between 15% and 70%.3,4 In case of human infection, the progression of this disease is very rapid and it causes acute febrile illness, associated with petechiae, ecchymosis, disseminated intravascular coagulation, and multiple-organ failure.⁵ A wide range of ticks that belong to the Hyalomma genus are considered the main vectors of this viral disease and the disease is spread through the bite of these ticks to humans or other domestic animals.⁶ Due to inadequate hospital care, the disease is also spread nosocomially and a case reported that, in South Africa, about 33% medical personnel are infected through needlestick injury.⁷ Alternate routes of infection, such as aerosol and droplet respiratory route of infection, were also suspected for several cases in Russia.8 With a broad geographic distribution,

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© 2015 Oany et al. This work is published by Dove Medical Press Limited, and Licensed under Creative Commons Attribution – Non Commercial (unported, v3.0) permission from Dove Medical Press Limited, provided the work is properly attributed. Permissions by ond the scope of the License are administered by Dove Medical Press Limited, provided the work is properly attributed. Permissions by ond the scope of the License are administered by Dove Medical Press Limited, Information on how to request permission may be found at: http://www.dovepress.com/permissions.pp this virus already covers >30 countries across Africa, southeastern Europe, the Middle East, western Asia, and more recently, some places of southwestern Europe, particularly Spain.^{9–11} The wide distribution of this virus indicates the ability of the tick hosts to adapt across different environmental and geographic regions.¹² Despite the outbreaks, there is no reliable vaccine or drug for the treatment of CCHFV infection in animals or humans.¹³ As a single-stranded-RNA-containing genome and due to the error-prone nature of its polymerase, the CCHFV incorporates random mutations into the genome. The rate of recombination in its RNA is also very high. As a consequence, the development of a vaccine or antiviral drug against CCHFV is very difficult.¹⁴

The design of epitope-based vaccines against some deadly viruses has gained much popularity due to its increased potency and safety.^{15,16} The application of bioinformatics in immunology, which is also termed immunoinformatics,

is now widely accepted. Immunoinformatics can assist in designing new vaccines through the identification of potential T-cell epitope, B-cell epitope, and human leukocyte antigen (HLA) ligands.^{17–19} This novel approach has proven its efficacy in the case of multiple sclerosis,²⁰ malaria,²¹ human immunodeficiency virus,²² and tuberculosis,²³ with desired results. In our present study, we have proposed the design of a potential conserved epitope candidate through the immunoinformatics approaches in order to minimize the fatal effects of the CCHFV, with the expectation of finding a novel candidate for the vaccine via wet laboratory validation.

Materials and methods Sequence retrieval and conserved region identification

 $UniProtKB^{24}$ database was used for the retrieval of the sequences of RNA-dependent RNA polymerase- L^{25} and



Figure I Phylogenetic tree showing the evolutionary divergence among the different RNA-dependent RNA polymerase-L molecules of the CCHFV. Notes: Here, cladogram view is shown with appropriate distance among the different strains. The blue dotted view indicates the node of the tree. Abbreviation: CCHFV, Crimean–Congo hemorrhagic fever virus.

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Peptide number	Peptide	Region	Vaxijen score (threshold: 0.4)
I	LIQTLFPDKFEDFLDRTQLHPEFRDLTPDFSLTQKVHFKRNQIPSVEN	3,563–3,658	0.6556
	VQISIDATLPESVEAVPVTERKMFPLPETPLSEVHSIERIMENFTRLM		
2	DYGERGIVEENHMKFSGEDQLETRQLLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT	3,694–3,773	0.4268
	DHKKWKDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI		
3	EDRVRVLKNSVSFLFNKLSRNSPTEVTDIVVGAISTQKVRSY	3,775–3,838	0.3662
	LKAGTATKTPVSTKDVLETWEK		
4	MKEHILNRPTGLTLPTSLEQAMRKGLVEGVVISKEGSESCINMLK	3,841-3,915	0.1044
	enldritdefertkfkheltqnittsekml		

Table I Antigenicity determination of the conserved peptide by Vaxijen serve

the envelope glycoprotein 26 of the CCHFV in the FASTA protein format.

Herein, we used the default parameters for the prediction, with a threshold value of 0.4.

BioEdit v7.2.3 sequence alignment editor²⁷ was used for the identification of the conserved region among the sequences through multiple-sequence alignment (MSA) with ClustalW.²⁸ Finally, Jalview v2 tool²⁹ was used to retrieve the alignment and the CLC Sequence Viewer v7.0.2 (<u>http://www. clcbio.com</u>) was used for analysis of the divergence among the different strains of the CCHFV.

Antigenicity determination of the conserved peptides

VaxiJen v2. 0, a Web-based server,³⁰ was used for the determination of the antigenicity of the conserved sequences.

T-cell epitope prediction

Two online servers were used for the prediction of the T-cell epitope. Initially, the NetCTL v1.2 server was used for the identification of the potential T-cell epitope.³¹ We used the default approach to predict the epitopes, including major histocompatibility complex class I (MHC-I) binding, proteasomal C terminal cleavage, and transporter of antigenic peptide (TAP) transport efficiency. The epitope prediction was restricted to 12 MHC-I supertypes. MHC-I binding and proteasomal cleavage were performed through artificial neural networks and the weight matrix was used

sp1 QGTQR61 SCILIVEY GFQTDIGGITTHK WK DIKLIELGIGK SF1ACAD STPPERWU tr Q0P0K51 SQLLVEY GFQTDIGKITHKWK DIKLIELGIK SF1ACAD STPPERWU tr Q0P0L01 SQLLVEY GFQTDIGKITHKWK DIKLIELGIK SF1ACAD STPPERWU tr Q0P0L21 SQLLVEY GFQTDIGKITHKWK DIKLIELGIK SF1ACAD STPPERWU tr Q0P0L21 SQLLVEY GFQTDIGKITHKWK DIKLIELGIK SF1ACAD STPPERWU tr Q0P0L21 SQLLVEY GFQTDIGKITHKWK DIKLIELGIK SF1ACAD STPPERWU tr Q0P0K31 SQLLVEY GFQTDIGKITHKWK DIKLIELGIK SF1ACAD STPPERWU tr Q0P0K31 SQLLVEY GFQTDIGKITHKWK DIKLIELGIK SF1ACAD STPPERWU tr Q0P0K41 SQLLVEY GFQTDIGKITHKWK DIKLIELGIK SF1ACAD STPPERWU tr Q0P0K61 SQLLVEY GFQTDIGKITHKWK DIKLIELGIK SF1ACAD STPPERWU tr Q0P0K41 SQLLVEY GFQTDIGKITHKWK DIKLIELGIK SF1ACAD STPPERWU tr Q0P0K41 </th <th></th>										
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tr QOPOL1 QLLLVEVGFQTDI GKIRT HKWK ZILKLI ELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr QOPOK6 QLLLVEVGFQTDI GKIRT HKWK ZILKLI ELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr QOPOK6 QLLLVEVGFQTDI GKIRT HKWK ZILKLI ELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr QOPOK4 QLLLVEVGFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK ZILKLI ELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr GARY14 QLLLVEVGFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK ZILKLI ELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr F8RY11 QLLLVEVGFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK ZILKLI ELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr F8RY12 QLLLVEVGFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK ZILKLI ELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr F8RY13 QLLLVEVGFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK ZILKLI ELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr S8RY12 QLLLVEVGFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK ZILKLI ELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr QS2NX7 QLLLVEVGFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK ZILKLI ELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr QS2NX9 QLLLVEVGFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK ZILKLI ELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr QS2NX1 QLLLVEVGFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK ZILKLI ELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr QS2NX9 QLLLVEVGFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK ZILKLI ELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr QS2NX9 QLLLVEVGFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK ZILKLI ELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr QS2NX9 QLLLVEVGFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK ZILKLI ELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr QS2NX8 QLLLVEVGFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK ZILKLI ELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr QS2NX9 QLLLVEVGFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK ZILKLI ELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr QS2NX9 QLLLVEVGFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK ZILKLI ELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr QS2NX9 QLLLVEVGFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK ZILKLI ELGIKCSFIACADCS			RQLLLVE	VGFQT <mark>L</mark> I	GKIRT	HKKWK	LILKLLELLG	KCSFI	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI
tr QOPOK8 GLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKIILKLIELIGIKCSFIACAD SSTPPDRWWI tr QOPOK6 GLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKIILKLIELIGIKCSFIACAD SSTPPDRWWI tr QOPOK4 GLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKIILKLIELIGIKCSFIACAD SSTPPDRWWI tr QOPOK4 GLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKIIKLIELIGIKCSFIACAD SSTPPDRWWI tr QOPOK4 GLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKIIKLIELIGIKCSFIACAD SSTPPDRWWI tr QOPOK4 GLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKIIKLIELIGIKCSFIACAD SSTPPDRWWI tr QOPOK4 GLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKIIKLIELIGIK SFIACAD SSTPPDRWWI tr QOPOK4 GLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKIIKLIELIGIK SFIACAD SSTPPDRWWI tr SRY11 GLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKIIKLIELIGIK SFIACAD SSTPPDRWWI tr SRY12 GLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKIIKLIELIGIK SFIACAD SSTPPDRWWI tr SRY13 GLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKIIKLIELIGIK SFIACAD SSTPPDRWWI tr SRY13 GLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKIIKLIELIGIK SFIACAD SSTPPDRWWI tr SRY13 GLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKIIKLIELIGIK SFIACAD SSTPPDRWWI tr QS2NX9 GLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKIIKLIELIGIK SFIACAD SSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX9 GLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKIIKLIELIGIK SFIACAD SSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX9 GLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKIIKKIELIGIK SFIACAD SSTPPDRWWI			RQLLLVE	VGFQT <mark>L</mark> I	GKIRT	HKKWK	LILKLLELLG	KCSFI	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>DR</mark> WWI
tr Q0P0K6 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWK DILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q0P0K4 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX4 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr G68835 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr F8RY11 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr F8RY12 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr F8RY14 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr F8RY12 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr F8RY13 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr G2NX5 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX5 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPTRWWI tr Q22NX5 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPTRWWI tr Q52NX5 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPTRWWI tr Q52NX5 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPTRWWI tr Q52NX5 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPTRWWI tr Q50N5 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPTRWWI			RQLLLVE	VGFQT <mark>I</mark> I	GKIRT	HKKWK	LILKLLELLG	KCSFI	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI
<pre>tr g52NX4 gQLLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr g68835 GQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr b5MEH7 gQLLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr f8RY11 gQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr f8RY12 gQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr f8RY13 gQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr f8RY13 gQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr f8RY13 gQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr g52NX7 gQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr g52NX2 gQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr g52NX3 GQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr g50NX3 GQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRT HKKWKDILKLIELIGIK</pre>			RQLLLVE	V <mark>GF</mark> QT <mark>E</mark> I	GKIRT	H <mark>KK</mark> WK	LILKLLELLG	KCSFI	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI
tr Q6B835 Q1LLV EV GFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK D1LKIL ELI GIKC SFIACADC SSTPP RWWI tr D5MEH7 QLLV EV GFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK D1LKIL ELI GIKC SFIACADC SSTPP RWWI tr F8RY14 QLLV EV GFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK D1LKIL ELI GIKC SFIACADC SSTPP RWWI tr F8RY14 QLLV EV GFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK D1LKIL ELI GIKC SFIACADC SSTPP RWWI tr F8RY14 QLLV EV GFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK D1LKIL ELI GIKC SFIACADC SSTPP RWWI tr F8RY13 QLLV EV GFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK D1LKIL ELI GIKC SFIACADC SSTPP RWWI tr G52NX7 QLLV EV GFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK D1LKIL ELI GIKC SFIACADC SSTPP RWWI tr Q52NX5 QLLV EV GFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK D1LKIL ELI GIKC SFIACADC SSTPP RWWI tr Q52NX5 QLLV EV GFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK D1LKIL ELI GIKC SFIACADC SSTPP RWWI tr Q52NX5 QLLV EV GFQTDI GKIRT HKKWK D1LKIL ELI GIKC SFIACADC SSTPP RWWI tr Q52NX5 QLLV EV GFQTDI I GKIRT HKKWK D1LKIL ELI GIKC SFIACADC SSTPP RWWI tr Q52NX2 RCLUV EV GFQTDI I GKIRT HKKWK D1LKIL ELI GIKC SFIACADC SSTPP RWWI tr Q52NX2 RCLUV EV GFQTDI I GKIRT HKKWK D1LKIL ELI GIKC SFIACADC SSTPP RWWI tr Q52NX2 RCLUV EV GFQTDI I GKIRT HKKWK D1LKIL ELI GIKC SFIACADC SSTPP RWWI tr Q52NX3 RCLUV EV GFQTDI I GKIRT HKKWK D1LKIL ELI GIKC SFIACADC SSTPP RWWI tr Q52NX3 RCLUV EV GFQTI I GKIRT HKKWK D1LKIL ELI GIKC SFIACADC SSTPP RWWI	tr	QOPOR4	RQLLLVE	VGFQT <mark>E</mark> I	GKIRTD	H <mark>KK</mark> WK	LILKLL <mark>E</mark> LLG	KCSFI	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI
tr Q6B835 GLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKDILKLIELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr D5MEH7 GLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKDILKLIELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr F8RY14 GLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKDILKLIELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr F8RY14 GLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKDILKLIELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr F8RY14 GLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKDILKLIELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr S8RY12 GLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKDILKLIELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX7 GLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKDILKLIELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX9 GLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKDIKKIELELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX9 GLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTHKKWKDIKKIELELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI	tr	Q52NX4	RQLLLVE	VGFQTEI	GKIRTE	H <mark>KK</mark> WK	LILKLL <mark>E</mark> LLG	KCSFI	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI
tr F8RY11 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr F8RY12 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr F8RY13 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr G8RY13 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr G22NX7 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr G22NX5 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr G22NX5 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr G22NX5 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr G22NX5 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr G22NX5 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr G22NX5 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr G22NX1 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr G22NX1 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr G22NX1 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr G22NX1 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr G22NX3 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr G20N26 EQLLVEVGFQTDIGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr G20N26 EQLLVEVGFQTDIGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr G20N26 EQLLVEVGFQTDIGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI			RQLLLVE	VGFQT <mark>E</mark> I	GKIRTE	H <mark>KK</mark> WK	LILKLL <mark>E</mark> LLG	KCSFI	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI
tr F8RY14 QLLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr F8RY12 QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr F8RY12 QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX7 QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX9 QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX9 QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX9 QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX9 QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWRDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX8 QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWRDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX8 QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWRDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX8 QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWRDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX8 QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWRDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX8 QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWRDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX8 QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWRDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q50NX8 QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWRDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q50NX8 QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWRDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q50NX8 QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWRDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q50NX8 QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWRDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q50NX8 QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWRDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q00NX8 QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWRDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI	tr	D5MEH7	RQLLLVE	VGFQT <mark>E</mark> I	GKIRTE	H <mark>KK</mark> WK	LILKLL <mark>E</mark> LLG	KCSFV	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI
tr FGRY12 RQLLUVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWRDILKIDELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWNI tr FGRY13 RQLLUVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWRDILKIDELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWNI tr FGRY13 RQLLUVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWRDILKIDELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWNI tr GS2NX9 RQLLUVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWRDILKIDELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWNI tr GS2NX1 RQLLUVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWRDILKIDELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWNI tr GS2NX2 RQLLUVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWRDILKIDELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWNI tr GS2NX1 RQLLUVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWRDILKIDELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWNI tr GS2NX2 RQLLUVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWRDILKIDELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWNI tr GS2NX2 RQLLUVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWRDILKIDELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWNI tr GS2NX2 RQLLUVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWRDILKIDELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWNI tr GS2NX2 RQLLUVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWRDILKIDELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPPRWNI tr Q3HNGG	tr	F8RYI1	RQLLLVE.	VGFQTEI	GKIRTD	H <mark>KK</mark> WK	LILKLL <mark>E</mark> LLG	KCSFI	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI:
Tripsary13 RQLLLVEVGFQTD10GKIRTOHKKWK1LLKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPF0WW1 trip5ary13 RQLLVEVGFQTD10GKIRTOHKKWK1LLKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPF0WW1 trip52nx5 RQLLVEVGFQTD10GKIRTOHKKWK1LLKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPF0RWW1 trip52nx5 RQLLVEVGFQTD10GKIRTOHKKWK1LLKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPF0RWW1 trip52nx5 RQLLVEVGFQTD10GKIRTOHKKWK1LLKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPF0RWW1 trip52nx5 RQLLVEVGFQTD10GKIRTOHKKWK1LLKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPF0RWW1 trip52nx5 RQLLVEVGFQTD10GKIRTOHKKWK1LLKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPF0RWW1 trip52nx0 RQLLVEVGFQTD10GKIRTOHKKWK1LLKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPF0RWW1 trip52nx2 RQLLVEVGFQTD10GKIRTOHKKWK1LLKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPF0RWW1 trip52nx21 RQLLVEVGFQTD10GKIRTOHKKWK1LLKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPF0RWW1 trip52nx21 RQLLVEVGFQTD10GKIRTOHKKWK1LLKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPF0RWW1 trip52nx21 RQLLVEVGFQTD10GKIRTOHKKWK1LLKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPF0RWW1 trip52nx21 RQLLVEVGFQTD10GKIRTOHKKWR1LKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPP0RWW1 trip52nx21 RQLLVEVGFQTD10GKIRTOHKKWR1LKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPP0RWW1 trip52nx21 RQLLVEVGFQTD10GKIRTOHKKWR1LKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPP0RWW1 trip52nx21 RQLLVEVGFQTD10GKIRTOHKKWR1LKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPP0RWW1 trip52nx21 RQLLVEVGFQTD10GKIRTOHKKWR1LKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPP0RWW1	tr	F8RYI4	RQLLLVE.	VGFQT <mark>E</mark> I	GKIRTE	H <mark>KK</mark> WK	DILKLL <mark>E</mark> LLG	KCSFI	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI
tr Q52NX7 RQLLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX7 RQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX9 RQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NY1 RQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NY1 RQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NY2 RQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NY1 RQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NY1 RQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX1 RQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX8 RQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52N3 RQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI	tr	F8RYI2	RQLLLVE.	V <mark>GFQT</mark> EI	GKIRTD	HKKWK.	DIL <mark>K</mark> LL <mark>E</mark> LLG	[<mark>kc</mark> sfi	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>DR</mark> WWI
tr \$22NX9 \$QLLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr \$22NX9 \$QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr \$22NX8 \$QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWRDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr \$20N81 \$QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWRDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI	tr	F8RYI3	RQLLLVE.	VGFQTEI	GKIRTD	H <mark>KK</mark> WK	LILKLL <mark>E</mark> LLG	[<mark>kc</mark> sfi	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI:
tr Q52NX5 QLLLVEVGFQTDI QKIRT HKKWK DILKILELI GIKCSFIACADCSSTPPERWWI tr Q52NX5 QLLLVEVGFQTDI QKIRT HKKWK DILKILELI GIKCSFIACADCSSTPPERWWI tr Q52NX1 QLLLVEVGFQTDI QKIRT HKKWK DILKILELI GIKCSFIACADCSSTPPERWWI tr Q52NX2 QLLLVEVGFQTDI QKIRT HKKWK DILKILELI GIKCSFIACADCSSTPPERWWI tr Q52NX2 QLLLVEVGFQTDI QKIRT HKKWK DILKILELI GIKCSFIACADCSSTPPERWWI tr Q52NY0 QLLVEVGFQTDI QKIRT HKKWK DILKILELI GIKCSFIACADCSSTPPERWWI tr Q52NX1 QLLVEVGFQTDI QKIRT HKKWK DILKILELI GIKCSFIACADCSSTPPERWWI tr Q52NX2 QLLVEVGFQTDI QKIRT HKKWK DILKILELI GIKCSFIACADCSSTPPERWWI tr Q52NX1 QLLVEVGFQTDI QKIRT HKKWK DILKILELI GIKCSFIACADCSSTPPERWWI tr Q52NX2 QLLVEVGFQTDI QKIRT HKKWK DILKILELI GIKCSFIACADCSSTPPERWWI tr Q52NX3 QLLVEVGFQTDI QKIRT HKKWK DILKILELI GIKCSFIACADCSSTPPERWWI tr Q52NX3 QLLVEVGFQTDI QKIRT HKKWK DILKILELI GIKCSFIACADCSSTPPERWWI tr Q52NX3 QLLVEVGFQTDI QKIRT HKKWK DILKILELI GIKCSFIACADCSSTPPERWWI tr Q52NX4 RQLLVEVGFQTDI QKIRT HKKWK DILKILELI GIKCSFIACADCSSTPPERWWI tr Q52NX3 RQLLVEVGFQTDI QKIRT HKKWK DILKILELI GIKCSFIACADCSSTPPERWWI tr Q52NX4 RQLLVEVGFQTDI QKIRT HKKWK DILKILELI GIKCSFIACADCSSTPPERWWI tr Q52NX4 RQLLVEVGFQTDI QKIRT HKKWK DILKILELI GIKCSF	tr	Q52NX7	RQLLLVE.	VGFQT <mark>E</mark> I	GKIRTE	HKKWK.	DIL <mark>K</mark> LL <mark>E</mark> LLG	KCSFI	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI
tr Q52NX0 QQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX0 QQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX0 QQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX0 QQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX1 QQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX1 QQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX1 QQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTDHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX3 QQLLVEVGFQTDIGGKIRTDHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX3 QQLLVEVGFQTDIGGKIRTDHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX3 QQLLVEVGFQTDIGGKIRTDHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX3 QQLLVEVGFQTDIGGKIRTDHKKWRDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI	tr	Q52NX9	RQLLLVE.	VGFQTEI	GKIRTE	HKKWK.	DIL <mark>K</mark> LL <mark>E</mark> LLG	KCSFI	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>DR</mark> WWI
tr Q52NY1 RQLLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWKDILKLLELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX2 SQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWKDILKLLELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX1 RQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWKDILKLLELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX1 RQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWKDILKLLELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX8 RQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWRCILKLLELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX8 RQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWRCILKLLELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX8 RQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWRCILKLLELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX8 RQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWRCILKLLELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX8 RQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWRCILKLLELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX8 RQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWRCILKLLELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX8 RQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWRCILKLLELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI	tr	Q52NX5	RÖTTTAE.	VGFQT <mark>E</mark> I	GKIRTD	H <mark>KK</mark> WK	DIL <mark>K</mark> LL <mark>E</mark> LLG	KCSFI	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI
tr \$22NX2 \$QLLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr \$22NY0 \$QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr \$22NY0 \$QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr \$22NX8 \$QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr \$22NX8 \$QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr \$22NY2 \$QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr \$22NY2 \$QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr \$22NY2 \$QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr \$22NY3 \$QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr \$22NY3 \$QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr \$20N81 \$QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr \$20N81 \$QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr \$20N81 \$QLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI	tr	Q52NX0	RÖTTTAE.	V <mark>GF</mark> QT <mark>EI</mark>	GKIRTE	HKKWK.	DIL <mark>K</mark> LL <mark>E</mark> LLG	KCSFI	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI
tr Q52NX2 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX1 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX1 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX8 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX8 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX8 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX8 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX8 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX3 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX3 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWRIILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX3 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWRIILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX3 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWRIILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX3 EQLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTOHKKWRIILKLIELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI	tr	Q52NY1	RÖTTTAE.	VGFQT <mark>E</mark> I	GKIRTD	HKKWK.	LIL <mark>K</mark> LL <mark>E</mark> LLG	KCSFI	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI
tr Q52NX1 RQLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI tr Q3HNG6 RQLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI tr Q52NX8 RQLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI tr Q52NX6 RQLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI tr Q52NX6 RQLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI tr Q52NX6 RQLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI tr Q52NX6 RQLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLLELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI tr Q52NX6 RQLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLLELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI tr Q52NX6 RQLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLLELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI tr Q52NX6 RQLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLLELGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI tr Q0P0L3 RQLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTOHKKWKDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI			BÖTTTAE.	VGFQT <mark>E</mark> I	GKIRTE	HKKWK.	DIL <mark>K</mark> LL <mark>E</mark> LLG	KCSFI	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI
tr Q3HNG6 RQLLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWKDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI tr Q52NX8 RQLLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWKDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI tr Q52NX6 RQLLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWKDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI tr Q52NX6 RQLLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWKDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI tr Q52NX3 RQLLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWKDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI tr Q52NX3 RQLLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWKDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI tr Q0P0K1 RQLLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWKDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI tr Q0P0K1 RQLLLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWKDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI	tr	Q52NY0	RÖTTTAE.	V <mark>GFQT</mark> EI	GKIRTE	HKKWK.	DIL <mark>K</mark> LL <mark>E</mark> LLG			CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI
tr Q52NX8 RQILLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWKDILKILELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NY2 RQILLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWKDILKILELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX6 RQILLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWKDILKILELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX3 RQILLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWKDILKILELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q0P0K1 RQILLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWKDILKILELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q0P0K1 RQILLVEVGFQTDIDGKIRTCHKKWKDILKILELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q0P0K1 RQILLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTCHKKWKDILKILELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI	tr	Q52NX1	RÖTTTAE.	VGFQT <mark>I</mark> I	GKIRTD	HKKWK.	LIL <mark>K</mark> LL <mark>E</mark> LLG	KCSFI	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI
tr Q52NY2 RQLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTCHKKWKNILKLLELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI tr Q52NX6 RQLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTCHKKWKDILKLLELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI tr Q52NX3 RQLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTCHKKWKDILKLLELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI tr Q0P0K1 RQLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTCHKKWKDILKLLELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI tr Q0P0K1 RQLLLVEVGFQTDIIGKIRTCHKKWKDILKLLELIGIKCSFIACADCSSTPFDRWWI	tr	Q3HNG6	RÖTTTAE.	VGFQT <mark>E</mark> I	GKIRTE	HKKWK.	LIL <mark>K</mark> LL <mark>E</mark> LLG	KCSFI	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI
tr Q52NX6 RQLLLVEVGFQTDILGKIRTLHKKWRTILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q52NX3 RQLLLVEVGFQTDILGKIRTHKKWRDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q0P0K1 RQLLLVEVGFQTDILGKIRTHKKWKDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI tr Q0P0L3 RQLLLVEVGFQTDILGKIRTHKKWKDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPDRWWI	tr	Q52NX8	BÖTTTAE.	VGFQT <mark>E</mark> I	GKIRTE	HKKWK.	LILKLLELLG:	KCSFI	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI
TI (ÖS2NX3) RÖLLLVEVGFÖT <mark>DILGKIRTLHKKWRTILKLLELLGIKCSFIACAD</mark> CSSTPPERWWI tr (ÖOPOK1) ROLLLVEVGFÖTDILGKIRTLHKKWRDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPERWWI tr (ÖOPOL3) RÖLLLVEVGFÖTDILGKIRTLHKKWKDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSSTPPERWWI	tr	Q52NY2	RÖTTTAE.	VGFQT <mark>I</mark> I	GKIRTD	HKK WKI	NIL <mark>K</mark> LL <mark>E</mark> LLG	KCSFI	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI
TE [QOPOK1] RQLLLVEVGFQT <mark>LILGKIRTLHKKWR</mark> ILLKLLELLGIKCSFIACALCSSTPPLRWWI tr QOPOL3 RQLLLVEVGFQT <mark>LILGKIRTLHKKWR</mark> ILLKLLELLGIKCSFIACALCSSTPPLRWWI	tr	Q52NX6	RÖTTTAE.	VGFQTDI	GKIRTI	HKKWK.	LITKTIETIC:	KCSFI	ACA	CSSTPP <mark>DR</mark> WWI
tr 20P0L3 RQLLLVEVGFQTDILGKIRTCHKKWKDILKLLELLGIKCSFIACACCSSTPPIRWWI	tr	Q52NX3	BÖTTTAE.	VGFQTEI	GKIRTD	HKKWK.	LITKTI <mark>E</mark> TTC:	KCSFI	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>DR</mark> WWI
	tr	QOPOK1	RÖTTTAE.	VGFQT <mark>DI</mark>	GKIRT	HKKWK.	LITKTI ETTE.			CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI
tr Q5UJG0 <mark>RQILLVEVGFQTDICKIRTTHKKWKDILKLLELLGIKGSFIACALC</mark> SSTPP LRWWI	tr	QOPOL3	RÖTTTAE.	VGFQT <mark>DI</mark>	GKIRTD	HKKWK.	CILKLL <mark>E</mark> LLG:	KCSFI	ACAL	CSSTPP <mark>ER</mark> WWI:
	tr	Q5UJG0	RÖTTTAE.	VGFQT <mark>E</mark> I	GKIRTE	HKKWK	DILKLL <mark>E</mark> LLG	KCSFI	ACA	CSSTPP <mark>DR</mark> WWI

Figure 2 MSA of the conserved region of RNA-dependent RNA polymerase-L. Only the partial sequences containing the proposed epitope sequence are shown here. Notes: Clustalx color is used here. Different colors indicate different amino acid residues. Abbreviation: MSA, multiple-sequence alignment.

Abbreviation: MSA, multiple-sequence alignment.

for estimating TAP transport efficiency. The threshold for epitope identification was set at 0.5 to maintain sensitivity and specificity of 0.89 and 0.94, respectively. Finally, CTLPred³² was implemented additionally for further confirmation about the prediction with default parameters.

MHC-I and MHC-II restriction analysis

T Cell Epitope Prediction Tools from Immune Epitope Database and Analysis Resource (IEDB-AR) was used for the prediction of MHC-I³³ and MHC-II^{34,35} binding of the peptide. The Stabilized Matrix Method³⁶ was used to calculate the half-maximal inhibitory concentration (IC₅₀) of peptide binding to MHC-I molecules from different prediction methods, with a preselected 9.0-mer epitope. In case of MHC-II binding analysis, the IEDB-recommended method was used for the specific HLA-DQ, HLA-DP, and HLA-DR loci. Here, we used specific peptides for the prediction of MHC-II interaction on the basis of the antigenic conservancy and MHC-I analysis.

B-cell epitope prediction

B-cell epitope initiates immunoresponse through the interaction with B lymphocytes and causes the differentiation of B lymphocytes into plasma and memory cells.³⁷ IEDB-AR hosts a number of Web-based tools for the prediction of B-cell epitope. Multiple tools, including the Kolaskar and Tongaonkar antigenicity scale,³⁸ Emini surface accessibility prediction³⁹ and Bepipred linear epitope prediction analysis, were used for the B-cell epitope prediction with high accuracy.⁴⁰

Homology modeling and protein variability determination of the conserved region

Homology model of the conserved region was obtained by MODELLER v9,⁴¹ and the predicted model was assessed by PROCHECK⁴² and QMEAN⁴³ servers of the SWISS-MODEL Workspace.⁴⁴ For the disorder prediction

 Table 2 Prediction of the T-cell epitope by NetCTL server on the basis of combined score

Number	Epitope	Combined score (nM)
I	CSSTPPDRW	1.7235
2	DVLETWEKM	1.6491
3	WEKMKEHIL	1.5089
4	ERTKFKHEL	1.4955
5	VPVTERKMF	1.4734

Table 3 Prediction of the T-cell epitope by CTLPred server

Epitope	Start position	Score (ANN/SVM)
LNRPTGLTL	246	1.00/-0.23718777
FSLTQKVHF	30	0.99/-0.23718777
ADCSSTPPD	164	0.99/-0.23718777
LSRNSPTEV	194	0.99/-0.23718777
TSLEQAMRK	256	0.99/-0.23718777

Abbreviations: ANN/SVM, artificial neural networks/support vector machines; CTLP, Cytotoxic T Lymphocyte Prediction (CTLPred).

among the amino acid sequences, DISOPRED $v3^{45}$ was used. The Protein variability server was used to calculate protein variability index using Shannon variability coefficient.⁴⁶

Allergenicity and epitope conservancy analysis

In order to predict the allergenicity of the proposed epitopes with high accuracy, a Web-based server AlgPred⁴⁷ was used. Herein, we used a hybrid prediction (SVMc + IgEepitope + ARPs BLAST + MAST) approach to predict the allergenicity with an accuracy of about 86% at a threshold value of -0.4. The prediction procedure follows the guidelines of the Food and Agriculture Organization/World Health Organization, 2003. A Web-based tool from IEDB-AR⁴⁸ was used in order to identify the specific conservancy of the proposed epitopes.

Table 4 MHC-I and MHC-II interaction of the proposed sequence

 by IEDB-AR

Epitope	MHC interaction
MHC-I interaction analysi	S
DCSSTPPDR	HLA-C*12:03, HLA-C*03:03, HLA-
	C*14:02, HLA-B*58:01,
	HLA-C*12:03, HLA-C*03:03,
	HLA-C*15:02, HLA-B*57:01
MHC-II interaction analys	is
FIACADCSSTPPDRW	HLA-DRB1*04:01, HLA-DRB1*03:01
	HLA-DRB1*08:02, HLA-DRB3*01:01
	DQB1*03:01, HLA-DRB1*09:01,
	HLA-DRB5*01:01, HLA-DRB1*04:05
	DQB1*04:02, HLA-DRB1*11:01,
	HLA-DRB1*07:01, DQB1*02:01,
	HLA-DRB1*13:02, DQB1*03:02,
	DQB1*05:01, HLA-DRB4*01:01,
	HLA-DRB1*01:01, HLA-DRB3*02:02
	DPB1*04:01, DQB1*06:02,
	DPB1*14:01, HLA-DRB1*15:01,
	DPB1*02:01, HLA-DRB1*12:01,
	DPB1*04:02, DPB1*05:01,
	DPB1*01:01

Abbreviations: IEDB-AR, Immune Epitope Database and Analysis Resource; MHC, major histocompatibility complex.

Number	Start position	End position	Peptide	Peptide length
I	16	23	RTQLHPEF	8
2	28	39	PDFSLTQKVHFK	12
3	43	67	IPSVENVQISIDVTLPESVEAVPVT	25
4	72	85	FPLPETPLSEVHSI	14
5	117	130	QSAVEHESPSISAF	14
6	154	163	TRQLLLVEVG	10
7	182	204	ILKLLELLGIKCSFIACADCSST	23
8	215	229	RVRVLKNSVSFLFNK	15
9	238	246	VTDIVVGAI	9
10	248	258	TQKVRSYLKAG	11
11	262	273	KTPVSTKDVLET	12
12	287	295	GLTLPASLE	9
13	302	310	LVEGVVISK	9
14	314	319	ESCINM	6

Table 5 Kolaskar and Tongaonkar antigenicity analysis

Results

Analysis of the retrieved sequences and their divergence

A total of 80 envelope glycoproteins and 34 RNA-dependent RNA polymerase-L molecules from different variants of the CCHFV were retrieved from the UniProt database. The MSA of two different types of proteins was retrieved from BioEdit tool through ClustalW with 1,000 bootstrap replicates (Figures S1 and S2). Conserved regions were grouped for the antigenic property analysis. CLC Sequence Viewer was used to construct phylograms for both proteins from the MSA obtained from BioEdit, in order to analyze the divergence among the retrieved sequences. Phylogram of RNA-dependent RNA polymerase-L is depicted in Figure 1 and the phylogram for the envelope glycoprotein is provided in Figure S3.

Antigenic peptide identification

Initially, the conserved sequences (MSA number: 3,563– 3,915) of RNA-dependent RNA polymerase-L were separated into four conserved peptides, according to their continuity in the MSA. Then the VaxiJen v2.0 server was used to predict the antigenicity of all the grouped conserved peptides (Table 1). On the basis of the VaxiJen score, the top two conserved peptides (MSA number: 3,563–3,658 and 3,694–3,773) were



Figure 3 Kolaskar and Tongaonkar antigenicity prediction of the conserved peptide, ranging from 3,563 to 3,915 MSA number. Notes: The region from 197 to 202 is the proposed epitope. The X- and Y-axes represent the sequence position and antigenic propensity score, respectively. The threshold value is 1.0. The regions above the threshold are antigenic, shown in yellow. Abbreviation: MSA, multiple-sequence alignment.



Figure 4 Emini surface accessibility prediction of the proposed epitope, with a minimum propensity score of 0.327 and maximum score of 1.488. Notes: The X- and Y-axes represent the sequence position and surface probability,

respectively. The threshold value is 1.0. The regions above the threshold are antigenic, shown in yellow.

selected for further analysis. The peptide with second-best VaxiJen score (MSA: 3,694–3,773) showed better results during further analysis of T-cell epitope identification, MHC interaction analysis, and B-cell epitope identification. The conservancy of this region among the different viral strains is partially depicted in Figure 2.

T-cell epitope identification and MHC interaction analysis

NetCTL v1.2 server predicted the T-cell epitopes through the combined approach for the 12 MHC-I supertypes. On the basis of the combined score, five epitopes with top scores (Table 2) were selected for further analysis. CTLPred server also predicted the T-cell epitopes based on an approach that combined artificial neural networks and support vector machines (Table 3). From the analysis, the common epitope–containing peptide, which was predicted by both servers, was selected and used for the MHC-binding analysis.



Figure 5 Bepipred linear epitope prediction of the proposed epitope with a minimum propensity score of 1.631 and maximum score of 2.094. Notes: The X- and Y-axes represent the sequence position and propensity score,

respectively. The threshold is 0.350. The regions having beta turns are shown in yellow. The highest peak region indicates the most potent B-cell epitope.

MHC-I-binding prediction, which was run through the Stabilized Matrix Method, predicted a wide range of *MHC-I* allele interactions for the proposed T-cell epitopes. The *MHC-I* alleles for which the epitope showed higher affinity ($IC_{50} < 200 \text{ nM}$) are listed in Table 4. The output of the MHC-II interaction analysis is also shown in Table 4.

B-cell epitope identification

Amino acid-based methods were used for the prediction of potential B-cell epitope. Antigenic property of the peptides was assessed using the Kolaskar and Tongaonkar antigenicity scale. The average antigenic propensity score of the protein was 1.019, with a maximum of 1.197 and a minimum of 0.884. The threshold value for antigenic determination of the peptide was 1.0, where all epitopes with values >1.0 were potential antigenic determinants. We found that 14 epitopes satisfied the threshold value set prior to the analysis, and they had the potential to express the B-cell response. The results are summarized in Table 5 and Figure 3. Peptides with the potential to function as B-cell epitope must be surface accessible. For this reason, Emini surface accessibility prediction was employed, with a maximum propensity score of 4.946 at threshold 1.0. Results are summarized in Figure 4. Finally, Bepipred linear epitope prediction tool predicted the linear B-cell epitope with the most reliable results of prediction. Results are shown in Figure 5.

Structure analysis and protein variability determination

Homology model of the conserved region was obtained by the MODELLER software, which is shown in Figure 6A. PROCHECK server validated the stereochemical quality of the model through Ramachandran Plot (Figure 6B), and Qmean server also assessed the tertiary structure, with a Qmean6 score of 0.268. DISOPRED v3 server predicted the disorder of the conserved peptide in order to get insight about the disorder among the conserved sequences, which is depicted in Figure 7. Protein variability server predicted the variability of the conserved region of the RNA-dependent RNA polymerase-L (Figure 8) to ensure that the proposed epitope is within the invariable region.

Epitope conservancy and allergenicity analysis

IEDB conservancy analysis tool analyzed the epitope conservancy of the proposed epitopes that are shown in Table 6. AlgPred predicted the allergenicity of the epitopes based on



Figure 6 Three-dimensional structure prediction and validation.

Notes: (A) Three-dimensional model of the conserved region. Here, the epitope "DCSSTPPDR" is shown spherically. The outerside location of the epitope indicates its surface accessibility. (B) Ramachandran plot of the predicted model shows that most of the residues are in the allowed region of the plot, proving the validity of the model.

amino acid composition. The prediction score of AlgPred for the two epitopes in combination was 0.49752311 at threshold of -0.4.

Discussion

With a widely distributed endemically affected region and a randomly mutated genome, CCHFV imposes a great challenge to researchers in developing a successful therapeutic approach against it. The ability of an epitope-based vaccine to stimulate an effective specific immune response with a minute structure and without any unexpected side effects has made it a good choice for vaccine development.⁴⁹ In this instance, we started with the



Figure 7 Disorder prediction of the conserved antigenic amino acid sequences. Here, our proposed epitope lies outside (197–202) of the disordered region to secure its potentiality as an effective epitope.

Notes: Amino acids in the input sequence are considered disordered when the blue line is above the gray dashed line, that is, when the confidence score is >0.5. The orange line shows the confidence score of the disordered protein-binding residue predictions.

preferable target, namely, the envelope glycoprotein, but failed to identify any unique conserved region (Figure S1; multiple-sequence alignment of the envelope glycoprotein of CCHFV.) to design a peptide vaccine against the envelope glycoprotein. This was also revealed by phylogeny analysis, which is shown in Figure S3; phylogenetic tree showing the evolutionary divergence among the different envelope glycoproteins of CCHFV. RNA-dependent RNA polymerase, a product of the L-segment of the genome, comprises a unique conserved region among all the available strains of CCHFV (Figure S2; multiple-sequence alignment of the RNA-dependent RNA polymerase-L of CCHFV). This was the pedestal to think about a novel vaccine candidate. To ensure a firm immune response, we looked for the activation of both T-cell and B-cell immunity with a single epitope.⁵⁰ Antigenicity of the conserved peptides indicated their ability to provoke potential immune response and they were used for further analysis involving T-cell epitope prediction. Through the analysis of the output of both NetCTL and CTLPred, it was found that the epitope "DCSSTPPDR" would be the best candidate for the activation of T-cell immunity with potential antigenicity. Analysis of the MHC ligands for both type I and II revealed that the core epitope "DCSSTPPDR" would interact with the highest number of HLA molecules and that it would support the MHC molecules to present the epitope on the T-cell surface. The complete peptide for MHC-II restriction was FIACADCSSTPPDRW. The peptide DCSSTPPDR was also found to be the most potential candidate to raise B-cell immune response by amino acid-based B-cell epitope



Figure 8 Protein variability index of the conserved peptides of all the sequences. The prediction suggests that our proposed epitope (197–202) falls in the invariable region. Notes: The conservancy threshold was 1.0 in this analysis. The X-axis indicates the amino acid positions in the sequences and the Y-axis indicates the Shannon variability score.

prediction, including Kolaskar and Tongaonkar antigenicity scale, Emini surface accessibility prediction, and Bepipred linear epitope prediction.

In order to see the exact location of the proposed epitope of the protein (shown spherically in Figure 6A), the three-dimensional structure of the conserved peptide was modeled. This predicted model was validated with Ramachandran Plot (Figure 6B), whereby 89.8% amino acid residues were found within the favored region. The disorderliness of the peptide remains outside of the proposed epitope region, which would secure the functioning of our predicted epitope (Figure 7).

The most important feature of an epitope enabling its use as a vaccine is its conservancy. Conservancy analysis of the proposed epitope found 100% conservancy among all the available sequences. Another important criterion of the peptide vaccine is its allergenicity⁵¹; our proposed epitope was examined in silico and found to be nonallergenic in nature. A recent study in designing a vaccine against CCHFV targeting the envelope glycoprotein showed a high success rate in a mouse model.⁵² But because it is a structural protein, the rate of mutation is higher than that of nonstructural proteins such as RNA polymerase,⁵³ a phenomenon that has been evidenced in our study through sequence analysis. As our proposed epitope is shown to be 100% conserved among different CCHF strains, we suggest that it will be the best possible candidate for vaccine designing.

Table 6 Epitope conservancy analysis

Peptide sequence	Peptide length	Percentage of protein sequence match	Maximum identity
DCSSTPPDR	9	100% (34/34)	100%
FIACADCSSTPPDRW	15	100% (34/34)	100%

Epitope-based vaccine designing is now becoming more popular and already has been established for rhinovirus,⁵⁴ dengue virus,⁵⁵ human corona virus,⁵⁶ and some others. This type of work has also been proven in vitro.⁵⁷ So, considering the above analysis,we predict that our proposed epitope would also trigger an immune response in vitro.

Conclusion

The findings from this study denote that integrated computational approaches are very much effective for designing vaccine candidates against some deadly viruses such as the CCHFV, with the formally delineated experimental procedure. Thus, co mputational studies save both time and cost for researchers and can lead the wet laboratory work with higher possibilities of getting the desired outcome.

Disclosure

The authors report no conflicts of interests in this work.

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