



Dear Colleagues,

All communication with patients and research subjects poses some risk to the privacy of those individuals. In simple cases, a conversation or message may be overheard, but in other cases our choice of communication method increases the risk that a message will be sent to the wrong recipient: regular email improves our productivity by remembering addresses, but the downside is emails are sometimes accidentally sent to the wrong patient (with a similar email address).

**So, what should I do?**

Use BU [Secure Email](#) service (free to use) and verify patient addresses before hitting send. Email addresses have to be manually entered for each email or manually entered into an address book.

**I understand that BU Secure Mail is more secure, but what if a patient requests traditional email or text?**

As a provider, you should not be suggesting patients use regular email or text. But if a patient requests to use unsecure email or text, have them confirm understanding, ideally in writing using a standard form.

We have forms for each HIPAA Component and an example form any non-HIPAA clinics or research teams can use to document patient preference here: <https://www.bu.edu/hipaa/forms-for-health-care-providers>.

**What do I need to remember every time I write or respond to an email from a patient or subject?**

Verify the email address matches the patient or subject you intend to send the email to. If you have any questions or concerns, please contact me or Information Security at [buinfosec@bu.edu](mailto:buinfosec@bu.edu).

Sincerely,

David Corbett BUMC Information Security Officer and HIPAA Security Officer



**Boston University** Information Security

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